                     A Single Rate Three Color Marker

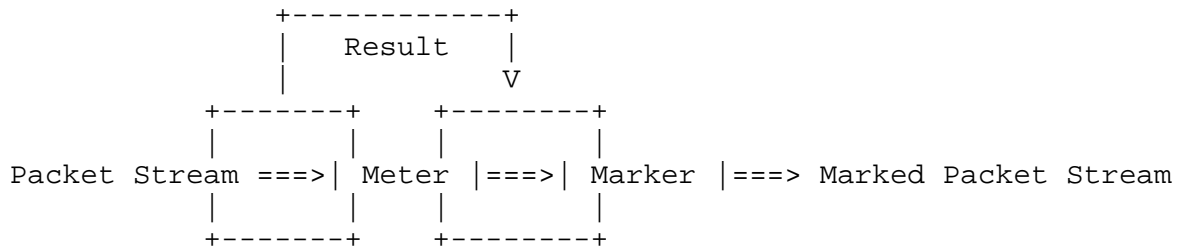Status of this Memo

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Abstract

   This document defines a Single Rate Three Color Marker (srTCM), which
   can be used as component in a Diffserv traffic conditioner [RFC2475,
   RFC2474]. The srTCM meters a traffic stream and marks its packets
   according to three traffic parameters, Committed Information Rate
   (CIR), Committed Burst Size (CBS), and Excess Burst Size (EBS), to be
   either green, yellow, or red. A packet is marked green if it doesn't
   exceed the CBS, yellow if it does exceed the CBS, but not the EBS,
   and red otherwise.

1. Introduction

   The Single Rate Three Color Marker (srTCM) meters an IP packet stream
   and marks its packets either green, yellow, or red. Marking is based
   on a Committed Information Rate (CIR) and two associated burst sizes,
   a Committed Burst Size (CBS) and an Excess Burst Size (EBS). A
   packet is marked green if it doesn't exceed the CBS, yellow if it
   does exceed the CBS, but not the EBS, and red otherwise. The srTCM
   is useful, for example, for ingress policing of a service, where only
   the length, not the peak rate, of the burst determines service
   eligibility.

The Meter meters each packet and passes the packet and the metering
result to the Marker:

```
                 +------------+
                 |   Result   |
                 |            V
             +-------+    +--------+
             |       |    |        |
  Packet Stream ===>| Meter |===>| Marker |===> Marked Packet Stream
             |       |    |        |
             +-------+    +--------+
```

The Meter operates in one of two modes. In the Color-Blind mode, the
Meter assumes that the packet stream is uncolored. In the Color-
Aware mode the Meter assumes that some preceding entity has pre-
colored the incoming packet stream so that each packet is either
green, yellow, or red. The details of the pre-coloring process,
including handling of error scenarios, and how the Meter determines
the color of a pre-colored packet are DS domain specific and outside
the scope of this document.

The Marker (re)colors an IP packet according to the results of the
Meter. The color is coded in the DS field [RFC2474] of the packet in
a PHB specific manner (see section 4 for an example).

A companion document [RFC2698] describes another three color marker,
called a Two Rate Three Color Maker (trTCM), where packets are marked
based on two rates and two burst sizes.

2. Configuration

   The srTCM is configured by setting its mode and by assigning values
   to three traffic parameters: a Committed Information Rate (CIR), a
   Committed Burst Size (CBS), and an Excess Burst Size (EBS).

   The CIR is measured in bytes of IP packets per second, i.e., it
   includes the IP header, but not link specific headers.

   The CBS and the EBS and are measured in bytes. The CBS and EBS must
   be configured so that at least one of them is larger than 0. It is
   recommended that when the value of the CBS or the EBS is larger than
   0, it is larger than or equal to the size of the largest possible IP
   packet in the stream.

3. Metering

   The behavior of the Meter is specified in terms of its mode and two
   token buckets, C and E, which both share the common rate CIR. The
   maximum size of the token bucket C is CBS and the maximum size of the
   token bucket E is EBS.

   The token buckets C and E are initially (at time 0) full, i.e., the
   token count Tc(0) = CBS and the token count Te(0) = EBS. Thereafter,
   the token counts Tc and Te are updated CIR times per second as
   follows:

      o If Tc is less than CBS, Tc is incremented by one, else

      o if Te is less then EBS, Te is incremented by one, else

      o neither Tc nor Te is incremented.

   When a packet of size B bytes arrives at time t, the following
   happens if the srTCM is configured to operate in the Color-Blind
   mode:

      o If Tc(t)-B >= 0, the packet is green and Tc is decremented by B
        down to the minimum value of 0, else

      o if Te(t)-B >= 0, the packets is yellow and Te is decremented by B
        down to the minimum value of 0, else

      o the packet is red and neither Tc nor Te is decremented.

   When a packet of size B bytes arrives at time t, the following
   happens if the srTCM is configured to operate in the Color-Aware
   mode:

      o If the packet has been precolored as green and Tc(t)-B >= 0, the
        packet is green and Tc is decremented by B down to the minimum
        value of 0, else

      o If the packet has been precolored as green or yellow and if
        Te(t)-B >= 0, the packets is yellow and Te is decremented by B
        down to the minimum value of 0, else

      o the packet is red and neither Tc nor Te is decremented.

   Note that according to the above rules, marking of a packet with a
   given color requires that there be enough tokens of that color to
   accommodate the entire packet. Other marking policies are clearly
   possible. The above policy was chosen in order guarantee a

   deterministic behavior where the volume of green packets is never
   smaller than what has been determined by the CIR and CBS, i.e.,
   tokens of a given color are always spent on packets of that color.

   The actual implementation of a Meter doesn't need to be modeled
   according to the above formal specification.

4. Marking

   The Marker reflects the metering result by setting the DS field of
   the packet to a particular codepoint. In case of the AF PHB
   [RFC2597], the color can be coded as the drop precedence of the
   packet.

5. Service Example

   The srTCM can be used to mark a packet stream in a service, where
   different, decreasing levels of assurances (either absolute or
   relative) are given to packets which are green, yellow, or red. For
   example, a service may discard all red packets, because they exceeded
   both the committed and excess burst sizes, forward yellow packets as
   best effort, and forward green packets with a low drop probability.

6. Security Considerations

   The srTCM has no known security concerns.

7. References

   [RFC2698] Heinanen, J. and R. Guerin, "A Two Rate Three Color
             Marker", RFC 2698, September 1999.

   [RFC2597] Heinanen, J., Baker, F., Weiss, W. and J. Wroclawski,
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   [RFC2474]   Nichols, K., Blake, S., Baker, F. and D. Black,
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               Field) in the IPv4 and IPv6 Headers", RFC 2474, December
               1998.

   [RFC2475]   Blake, S., Black, D., Carlson, M., Davies, E., Wang, Z.
               and W. Weiss, "An Architecture for Differentiated
               Services", RFC 2475, December 1998.

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Acknowledgement