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IPv4 Multicast Routing MIB

Status of this Memo

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes managed objects used for managing IP Multicast Routing for IPv4, independent of the specific multicast routing protocol in use.

Table of Contents

1. Introduction

This MIB describes objects used for managing IP Multicast Routing [16], independent of the specific multicast routing protocol [17-21] in use. Managed objects specific to particular multicast routing protocols are specified elsewhere. Similarly, this MIB does not support management of multicast routing for other address families, including IPv6. Such management may be supported by other MIBs.

2. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- An overall architecture, described in RFC 2571 [1].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIv1 and described in STD 16, RFC 1155 [2], STD 16, RFC 1212 [3] and RFC 1215 [4]. The second version, called SMIv2, is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [5], STD 58, RFC 2579 [6] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [7].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in RFC 1901 [9] and RFC 1906 [10]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in RFC 1906 [10], RFC 2572 [11] and RFC 2574 [12].
- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, RFC 1157 [8]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [13].
- A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2573 [14] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2575 [15].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2. A MIB conforming to the SMIv1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIv2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIv1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

3. Overview

This MIB module contains one scalar and five tables. The tables are:

(1) the IP Multicast Route Table containing multicast routing information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to the IP multicast groups known to a router.

(2) the IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table containing information on the next-hops for the routing IP multicast datagrams. Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a particular multicast group address.

(3) the IP Multicast Routing Interface Table containing multicast routing information specific to interfaces.

(4) the IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table containing the boundaries configured for multicast scopes [22].

(5) the IP Multicast Scope Name Table containing human-readable names of multicast scope.

4. Definitions

```
IPMROUTE-STD-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, mib-2,
    Integer32, Counter32, Counter64, Gauge32,
    IpAddress, TimeTicks             FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    RowStatus, TEXTUAL-CONVENTION,
    TruthValue                       FROM SNMPv2-TC
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP  FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    SnmpAdminString                  FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
    InterfaceIndexOrZero,
    InterfaceIndex                   FROM IF-MIB
    IANAipRouteProtocol,
    IANAipMRouteProtocol             FROM IANA-RTPROTO-MIB;

ipMRouteStdMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "200009220000Z" -- September 22, 2000
    ORGANIZATION "IETF IDMR Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
            " Dave Thaler
              Microsoft Corporation
              One Microsoft Way
              Redmond, WA  98052-6399
              US

              Phone: +1 425 703 8835
              EMail: dthaler@microsoft.com"
    DESCRIPTION
            "The MIB module for management of IP Multicast routing, but
            independent of the specific multicast routing protocol in
            use."
    REVISION     "200009220000Z" -- September 22, 2000
    DESCRIPTION
            "Initial version, published as RFC 2932."
    ::= { mib-2 83 }

-- Textual Conventions

LanguageTag ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

   DISPLAY-HINT "100a"
   STATUS       current
   DESCRIPTION
            "An RFC 1766-style language tag, with all alphabetic
            characters converted to lowercase.  This restriction is
            intended to make the lexical ordering imposed by SNMP useful
```

```
            when applied to language tags.  Note that it is
            theoretically possible for a valid language tag to exceed
            the allowed length of this syntax, and thus be impossible to
            represent with this syntax.  Sampling of language tags in
            current use on the Internet suggests that this limit does
            not pose a serious problem in practice."
    SYNTAX      OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..100))


-- Top-level structure of the MIB

ipMRouteMIBObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMRouteStdMIB 1 }

ipMRoute     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMRouteMIBObjects 1 }

-- the IP Multicast Routing MIB-Group
--
-- a collection of objects providing information about
-- IP Multicast Groups


ipMRouteEnable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     INTEGER { enabled(1), disabled(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The enabled status of IP Multicast routing on this router."
    ::= { ipMRoute 1 }

ipMRouteEntryCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Gauge32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of rows in the ipMRouteTable.  This can be used
            to monitor the multicast routing table size."
    ::= { ipMRoute 7 }

ipMRouteTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SEQUENCE OF IpMRouteEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table containing multicast routing
            information for IP datagrams sent by particular sources to
            the IP multicast groups known to this router."
    ::= { ipMRoute 2 }
```

```
ipMRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpMRouteEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast routing
            information for IP datagrams from a particular source and
            addressed to a particular IP multicast group address.
            Discontinuities in counters in this entry can be detected by
            observing the value of ipMRouteUpTime."
    INDEX      { ipMRouteGroup,
                 ipMRouteSource,
                 ipMRouteSourceMask }
    ::= { ipMRouteTable 1 }

IpMRouteEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMRouteGroup                 IpAddress,
    ipMRouteSource                IpAddress,
    ipMRouteSourceMask            IpAddress,
    ipMRouteUpstreamNeighbor      IpAddress,
    ipMRouteInIfIndex             InterfaceIndexOrZero,
    ipMRouteUpTime                TimeTicks,
    ipMRouteExpiryTime            TimeTicks,
    ipMRoutePkts                  Counter32,
    ipMRouteDifferentInIfPackets  Counter32,
    ipMRouteOctets                Counter32,
    ipMRouteProtocol              IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMRouteRtProto               IANAipRouteProtocol,
    ipMRouteRtAddress             IpAddress,
    ipMRouteRtMask                IpAddress,
    ipMRouteRtType                INTEGER,
    ipMRouteHCOctets              Counter64
}

ipMRouteGroup OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group address for which this entry
            contains multicast routing information."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 1 }

ipMRouteSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
            "The network address which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteSourceMask identifies the
            sources for which this entry contains multicast routing
            information."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 2 }

ipMRouteSourceMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The network mask which when combined with the corresponding
            value of ipMRouteSource identifies the sources for which
            this entry contains multicast routing information."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 3 }

ipMRouteUpstreamNeighbor OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the upstream neighbor (e.g., RPF neighbor)
            from which IP datagrams from these sources to this multicast
            address are received, or 0.0.0.0 if the upstream neighbor is
            unknown (e.g., in CBT)."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 4 }

ipMRouteInIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     InterfaceIndexOrZero
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The value of ifIndex for the interface on which IP
            datagrams sent by these sources to this multicast address
            are received.  A value of 0 indicates that datagrams are not
            subject to an incoming interface check, but may be accepted
            on multiple interfaces (e.g., in CBT)."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 5 }

ipMRouteUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The time since the multicast routing information
            represented by this entry was learned by the router."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 6 }
```

```
ipMRouteExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
            be aged out.  The value 0 indicates that the entry is not
            subject to aging."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 7 }

ipMRoutePkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which this router has received from
            these sources and addressed to this multicast group
            address."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 8 }

ipMRouteDifferentInIfPackets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which this router has received from
            these sources and addressed to this multicast group address,
            which were dropped because they were not received on the
            interface indicated by ipMRouteInIfIndex.  Packets which are
            not subject to an incoming interface check (e.g., using CBT)
            are not counted."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 9 }

ipMRouteOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which were
            received from these sources and addressed to this multicast
            group address, and which were forwarded by this router."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 10 }

ipMRouteProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IANAipMRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
            "The multicast routing protocol via which this multicast
            forwarding entry was learned."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 11 }

ipMRouteRtProto OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IANAipRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which the route used to find the
            upstream or parent interface for this multicast forwarding
            entry was learned.  Inclusion of values for routing
            protocols is not intended to imply that those protocols need
            be supported."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 12 }

ipMRouteRtAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address portion of the route used to find the upstream
            or parent interface for this multicast forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 13 }

ipMRouteRtMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The mask associated with the route used to find the upstream
            or parent interface for this multicast forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 14 }

ipMRouteRtType OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     INTEGER {
                unicast (1),  -- Unicast route used in multicast RIB
                multicast (2) -- Multicast route
               }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The reason the given route was placed in the (logical)
            multicast Routing Information Base (RIB).  A value of
            unicast means that the route would normally be placed only
            in the unicast RIB, but was placed in the multicast RIB
            (instead or in addition) due to local configuration, such as
            when running PIM over RIP.  A value of multicast means that
```

```
            the route was explicitly added to the multicast RIB by the
            routing protocol, such as DVMRP or Multiprotocol BGP."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 15 }

ipMRouteHCOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets contained in IP datagrams which were
            received from these sources and addressed to this multicast
            group address, and which were forwarded by this router.
            This object is a 64-bit version of ipMRouteOctets."
    ::= { ipMRouteEntry 16 }

--
--  The IP Multicast Routing Next Hop Table
--

ipMRouteNextHopTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SEQUENCE OF IpMRouteNextHopEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table containing information on the next-
            hops on outgoing interfaces for routing IP multicast
            datagrams.  Each entry is one of a list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces for particular sources sending to a
            particular multicast group address."
    ::= { ipMRoute 3 }

ipMRouteNextHopEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpMRouteNextHopEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) in the list of next-hops on
            outgoing interfaces to which IP multicast datagrams from
            particular sources to a IP multicast group address are
            routed.  Discontinuities in counters in this entry can be
            detected by observing the value of ipMRouteUpTime."
    INDEX      { ipMRouteNextHopGroup, ipMRouteNextHopSource,
                 ipMRouteNextHopSourceMask, ipMRouteNextHopIfIndex,
                 ipMRouteNextHopAddress }
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopTable 1 }

IpMRouteNextHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMRouteNextHopGroup              IpAddress,
```

```
    ipMRouteNextHopSource             IpAddress,
    ipMRouteNextHopSourceMask         IpAddress,
    ipMRouteNextHopIfIndex            InterfaceIndex,
    ipMRouteNextHopAddress            IpAddress,
    ipMRouteNextHopState              INTEGER,
    ipMRouteNextHopUpTime             TimeTicks,
    ipMRouteNextHopExpiryTime         TimeTicks,
    ipMRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops  Integer32,
    ipMRouteNextHopProtocol           IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMRouteNextHopPkts               Counter32
}

ipMRouteNextHopGroup OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IP multicast group for which this entry specifies a
            next-hop on an outgoing interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 1 }

ipMRouteNextHopSource OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The network address which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteNextHopSourceMask identifies
            the sources for which this entry specifies a next-hop on an
            outgoing interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 2 }

ipMRouteNextHopSourceMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The network mask which when combined with the corresponding
            value of ipMRouteNextHopSource identifies the sources for
            which this entry specifies a next-hop on an outgoing
            interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 3 }

ipMRouteNextHopIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
            "The ifIndex value of the interface for the outgoing
            interface for this next-hop."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 4 }

ipMRouteNextHopAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The address of the next-hop specific to this entry.  For
            most interfaces, this is identical to ipMRouteNextHopGroup.
            NBMA interfaces, however, may have multiple next-hop
            addresses out a single outgoing interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 5 }

ipMRouteNextHopState OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     INTEGER { pruned(1), forwarding(2) }
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An indication of whether the outgoing interface and next-
            hop represented by this entry is currently being used to
            forward IP datagrams.  The value 'forwarding' indicates it
            is currently being used; the value 'pruned' indicates it is
            not."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 6 }

ipMRouteNextHopUpTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The time since the multicast routing information
            represented by this entry was learned by the router."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 7 }

ipMRouteNextHopExpiryTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum amount of time remaining before this entry will
            be aged out.  If ipMRouteNextHopState is pruned(1), the
            remaining time until the prune expires and the state reverts
            to forwarding(2).  Otherwise, the remaining time until this
            entry is removed from the table.  The time remaining may be
            copied from ipMRouteExpiryTime if the protocol in use for
            this entry does not specify next-hop timers.  The value 0
```

```
            indicates that the entry is not subject to aging."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 8 }

ipMRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The minimum number of hops between this router and any
            member of this IP multicast group reached via this next-hop
            on this outgoing interface.  Any IP multicast datagrams for
            the group which have a TTL less than this number of hops
            will not be forwarded to this next-hop."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 9 }

ipMRouteNextHopProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IANAipMRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing mechanism via which this next-hop was learned."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 10 }

ipMRouteNextHopPkts OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of packets which have been forwarded using this
            route."
    ::= { ipMRouteNextHopEntry 11 }

--
--  The Multicast Routing Interface Table
--

ipMRouteInterfaceTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SEQUENCE OF IpMRouteInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table containing multicast routing
            information specific to interfaces."
    ::= { ipMRoute 4 }

ipMRouteInterfaceEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpMRouteInterfaceEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
```

```
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) containing the multicast routing
            information for a particular interface."
    INDEX      { ipMRouteInterfaceIfIndex }
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceTable 1 }

IpMRouteInterfaceEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMRouteInterfaceIfIndex          InterfaceIndex,
    ipMRouteInterfaceTtl              Integer32,
    ipMRouteInterfaceProtocol         IANAipMRouteProtocol,
    ipMRouteInterfaceRateLimit        Integer32,
    ipMRouteInterfaceInMcastOctets    Counter32,
    ipMRouteInterfaceOutMcastOctets   Counter32,
    ipMRouteInterfaceHCInMcastOctets  Counter64,
    ipMRouteInterfaceHCOutMcastOctets Counter64
}

ipMRouteInterfaceIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The ifIndex value of the interface for which this entry
            contains information."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 1 }

ipMRouteInterfaceTtl OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Integer32 (0..255)
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The datagram TTL threshold for the interface. Any IP
            multicast datagrams with a TTL less than this threshold will
            not be forwarded out the interface. The default value of 0
            means all multicast packets are forwarded out the
            interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 2 }

ipMRouteInterfaceProtocol OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IANAipMRouteProtocol
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The routing protocol running on this interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 3 }

ipMRouteInterfaceRateLimit OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX     Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The rate-limit, in kilobits per second, of forwarded
            multicast traffic on the interface.  A rate-limit of 0
            indicates that no rate limiting is done."
    DEFVAL     { 0 }
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 4 }

ipMRouteInterfaceInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have arrived
            on the interface, including framing characters.  This object
            is similar to ifInOctets in the Interfaces MIB, except that
            only multicast packets are counted."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 5 }

ipMRouteInterfaceOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
            sent on the interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 6 }

ipMRouteInterfaceHCInMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have arrived
            on the interface, including framing characters.  This object
            is a 64-bit version of ipMRouteInterfaceInMcastOctets.  It
            is similar to ifHCInOctets in the Interfaces MIB, except
            that only multicast packets are counted."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 7 }

ipMRouteInterfaceHCOutMcastOctets OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The number of octets of multicast packets that have been
```

```
            sent on the interface.  This object is a 64-bit version of
            ipMRouteInterfaceOutMcastOctets."
    ::= { ipMRouteInterfaceEntry 8 }

--
--  The IP Multicast Scope Boundary Table
--

ipMRouteBoundaryTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SEQUENCE OF IpMRouteBoundaryEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the router's scoped
            multicast address boundaries."
    ::= { ipMRoute 5 }

ipMRouteBoundaryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpMRouteBoundaryEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) in the ipMRouteBoundaryTable
            representing a scoped boundary."
    INDEX      { ipMRouteBoundaryIfIndex, ipMRouteBoundaryAddress,
                 ipMRouteBoundaryAddressMask }
    ::= { ipMRouteBoundaryTable 1 }

IpMRouteBoundaryEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMRouteBoundaryIfIndex            InterfaceIndex,
    ipMRouteBoundaryAddress            IpAddress,
    ipMRouteBoundaryAddressMask        IpAddress,
    ipMRouteBoundaryStatus             RowStatus
}

ipMRouteBoundaryIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     InterfaceIndex
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The IfIndex value for the interface to which this boundary
            applies.  Packets with a destination address in the
            associated address/mask range will not be forwarded out this
            interface."
    ::= { ipMRouteBoundaryEntry 1 }

ipMRouteBoundaryAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The group address which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteBoundaryAddressMask
            identifies the group range for which the scoped boundary
            exists.  Scoped addresses must come from the range 239.x.x.x
            as specified in RFC 2365."
    ::= { ipMRouteBoundaryEntry 2 }

ipMRouteBoundaryAddressMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The group address mask which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteBoundaryAddress identifies
            the group range for which the scoped boundary exists."
    ::= { ipMRouteBoundaryEntry 3 }

ipMRouteBoundaryStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which new entries may be
            created, or old entries deleted from this table."
    ::= { ipMRouteBoundaryEntry 4 }

--
--  The IP Multicast Scope Name Table
--

ipMRouteScopeNameTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SEQUENCE OF IpMRouteScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The (conceptual) table listing the multicast scope names."
    ::= { ipMRoute 6 }

ipMRouteScopeNameEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpMRouteScopeNameEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "An entry (conceptual row) in the ipMRouteScopeNameTable
            representing a multicast scope name."
```

```
    INDEX      { ipMRouteScopeNameAddress,
                 ipMRouteScopeNameAddressMask,
                 IMPLIED ipMRouteScopeNameLanguage }
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameTable 1 }

IpMRouteScopeNameEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    ipMRouteScopeNameAddress            IpAddress,
    ipMRouteScopeNameAddressMask        IpAddress,
    ipMRouteScopeNameLanguage           LanguageTag,
    ipMRouteScopeNameString             SnmpAdminString,
    ipMRouteScopeNameDefault            TruthValue,
    ipMRouteScopeNameStatus             RowStatus
}

ipMRouteScopeNameAddress OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The group address which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteScopeNameAddressMask
            identifies the group range associated with the multicast
            scope.  Scoped addresses must come from the range
            239.x.x.x."
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 1 }

ipMRouteScopeNameAddressMask OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     IpAddress
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The group address mask which when combined with the
            corresponding value of ipMRouteScopeNameAddress identifies
            the group range associated with the multicast scope."
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 2 }

ipMRouteScopeNameLanguage OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     LanguageTag
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The RFC 1766-style language tag associated with the scope
            name."
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 3 }

ipMRouteScopeNameString OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
```

```
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The textual name associated with the multicast scope.  The
            value of this object should be suitable for displaying to
            end-users, such as when allocating a multicast address in
            this scope.  When no name is specified, the default value of
            this object should be the string 239.x.x.x/y with x and y
            replaced appropriately to describe the address and mask
            length associated with the scope."
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 4 }

ipMRouteScopeNameDefault OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "If true, indicates a preference that the name in the
            following language should be used by applications if no name
            is available in a desired language."
    DEFVAL { false }
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 5 }

ipMRouteScopeNameStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX     RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS read-create
    STATUS     current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The status of this row, by which new entries may be
            created, or old entries deleted from this table."
    ::= { ipMRouteScopeNameEntry 6 }


-- conformance information

ipMRouteMIBConformance
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMRouteStdMIB 2 }
ipMRouteMIBCompliances
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMRouteMIBConformance 1 }
ipMRouteMIBGroups  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipMRouteMIBConformance 2 }

-- compliance statements

ipMRouteMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for the IP Multicast MIB."
    MODULE  -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipMRouteMIBBasicGroup,
```

```
                        ipMRouteMIBRouteGroup}

        GROUP   ipMRouteMIBBoundaryGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group is mandatory if the router supports
            administratively-scoped multicast address boundaries."

        OBJECT      ipMRouteBoundaryStatus
        MIN-ACCESS  read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access is not required."

        OBJECT      ipMRouteScopeNameStatus
        MIN-ACCESS  read-only
        DESCRIPTION
            "Write access is not required."

        GROUP   ipMRouteMIBHCInterfaceGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "This group is mandatory only for those network interfaces
            for which the value of the corresponding instance of ifSpeed
            is greater than 20,000,000 bits/second."

    ::= { ipMRouteMIBCompliances 1 }

-- units of conformance

ipMRouteMIBBasicGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteEnable, ipMRouteEntryCount,
              ipMRouteUpstreamNeighbor, ipMRouteInIfIndex,
              ipMRouteUpTime, ipMRouteExpiryTime,
              ipMRouteNextHopState,
              ipMRouteNextHopUpTime,
              ipMRouteNextHopExpiryTime,
              ipMRouteNextHopProtocol,
              ipMRouteNextHopPkts,
              ipMRouteInterfaceTtl,
              ipMRouteInterfaceProtocol, ipMRouteInterfaceRateLimit,
              ipMRouteInterfaceInMcastOctets,
              ipMRouteInterfaceOutMcastOctets,
              ipMRouteProtocol
            }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support basic management of IP
            Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 1 }
```

```
ipMRouteMIBHopCountGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteNextHopClosestMemberHops }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of the use of
            hop counts in IP Multicast routing."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 2 }

ipMRouteMIBBoundaryGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteBoundaryStatus, ipMRouteScopeNameString,
              ipMRouteScopeNameDefault, ipMRouteScopeNameStatus }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of scoped
            multicast address boundaries."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 3 }

ipMRouteMIBPktsOutGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteNextHopPkts }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of packet
            counters for each outgoing interface entry of a route."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 4 }

ipMRouteMIBHCInterfaceGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteInterfaceHCInMcastOctets,
              ipMRouteInterfaceHCOutMcastOctets,
              ipMRouteHCOctets }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information specific to
            high speed (greater than 20,000,000 bits/second) network
            interfaces."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 5 }

ipMRouteMIBRouteGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRouteRtProto, ipMRouteRtAddress,
              ipMRouteRtMask, ipMRouteRtType }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects providing information on the
            relationship between multicast routing information, and the
            IP Forwarding Table."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 6 }

ipMRouteMIBPktsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS { ipMRoutePkts, ipMRouteDifferentInIfPackets,
```

```
            ipMRouteOctets }
    STATUS  current
    DESCRIPTION
            "A collection of objects to support management of packet
            counters for each forwarding entry."
    ::= { ipMRouteMIBGroups 7 }

END
```

5. IANA Considerations

The ipMRouteRtProto, ipMRouteNextHopProtocol, ipMRouteInterfaceProtocol, and ipMRouteProtocol use textual conventions imported from the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB. The purpose of defining these textual conventions in a separate MIB module is to allow additional values to be defined without having to issue a new version of this document. The Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) is responsible for the assignment of all Internet numbers, including various SNMP-related numbers; it will administer the values associated with these textual conventions.

The rules for additions or changes to the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB are outlined in the DESCRIPTION clause associated with its MODULE-IDENTITY statement.

The current versions of the IANA-RTPROTO-MIB can be accessed from the IANA home page at: "http://www.iana.org/".

6. Security Considerations

This MIB contains readable objects whose values provide information related to multicast routing, including information on what machines are sending to which groups. There are also a number of objects that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create, such as those which allow an administrator to configure multicast boundaries.

While unauthorized access to the readable objects is relatively innocuous, unauthorized access to the write-able objects could cause a denial of service, or could cause wider distribution of packets intended only for local distribution. Hence, the support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

SNMPv1 by itself is such an insecure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and SET (change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is recommended that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model RFC 2574 [12] and the View-based Access Control Model RFC 2575 [15] is recommended.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to this MIB, is properly configured to give access to those objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to access them.

7. Intellectual Property Notice

8. Acknowledgements

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11. Full Copyright Statement

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